

Overview of vulnerabilities

what should we be worried about?

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Intro: How to understand Risk

Starts with a

“system” or business

that has

vulnerabilities

and is exposed to

threats

causing an estimated

impact

giving rise to a

risk !

for a “policy” violation

Risk Management

Intro: What is Risk Management?

- ▶ Risk Management
 - Specialty of management
 - Treats risk objectively
 - Should consider not only technical risk, but also psychological, social and cultural contexts

- ▶ Management
 - Planning
 - Organising and leading
 - Controlling (!) to achieve organisational objectives efficiently and effectively
 - Revising

Intro: Types of Risk Management

- ▶ Insurance
- ▶ Financial
- ▶ Political
- ▶ Societal
- ▶ Credit
- ▶ Environmental
- ▶ Strategic
- ▶ Safety
- ▶ Operational

Objectives of Risk Management

- ▶ Survival
- ▶ Economy
- ▶ Acceptable level of worry and anxiety
- ▶ Earnings stability
- ▶ Uninterrupted operations
- ▶ Continued growth
- ▶ Good citizenship or social responsibility
- ▶ Satisfaction of externally imposed obligations

Examples of policy violations

- ▶ Survival
- ▶ Economy
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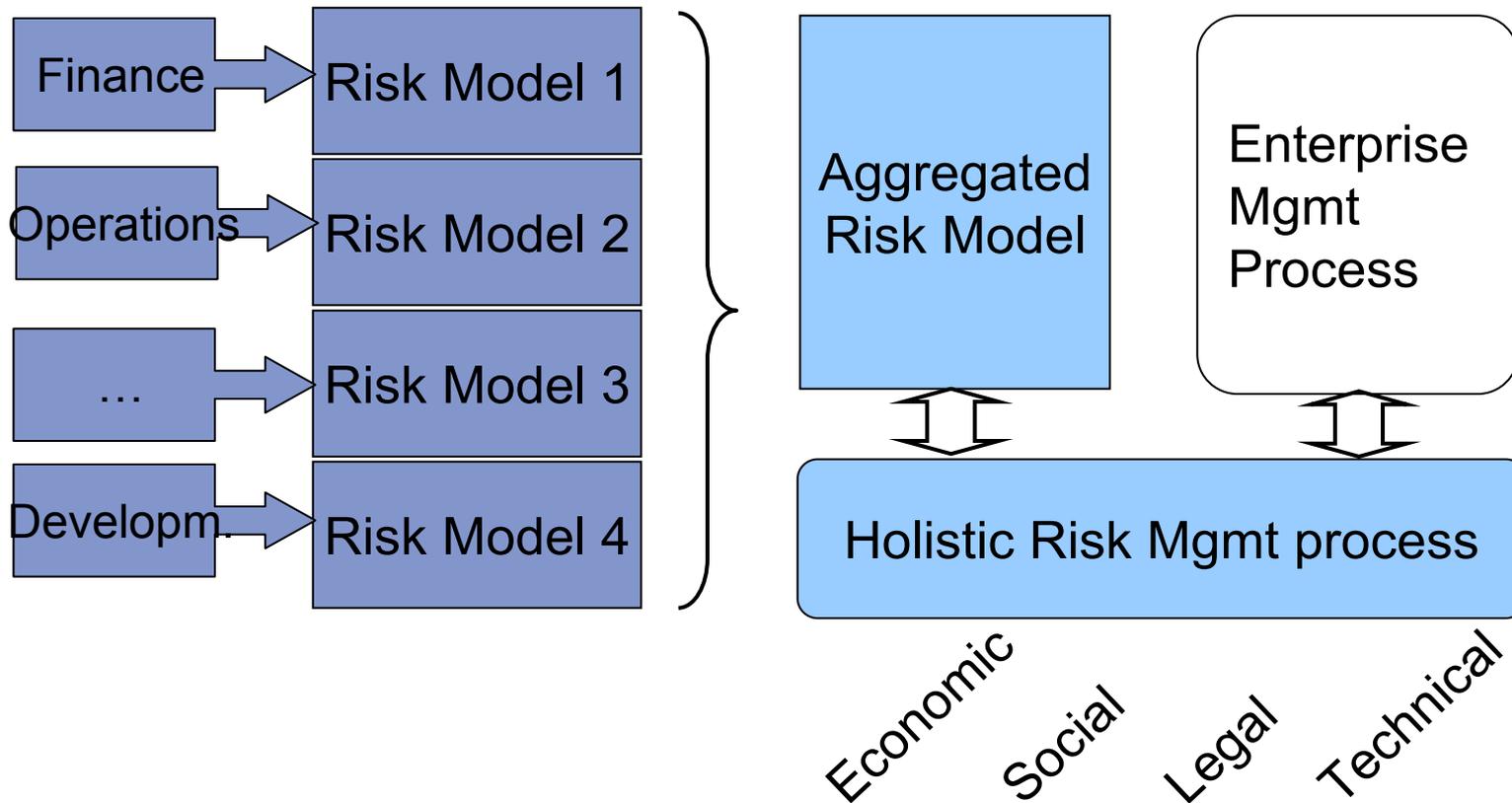


What is Holistic Risk Management?

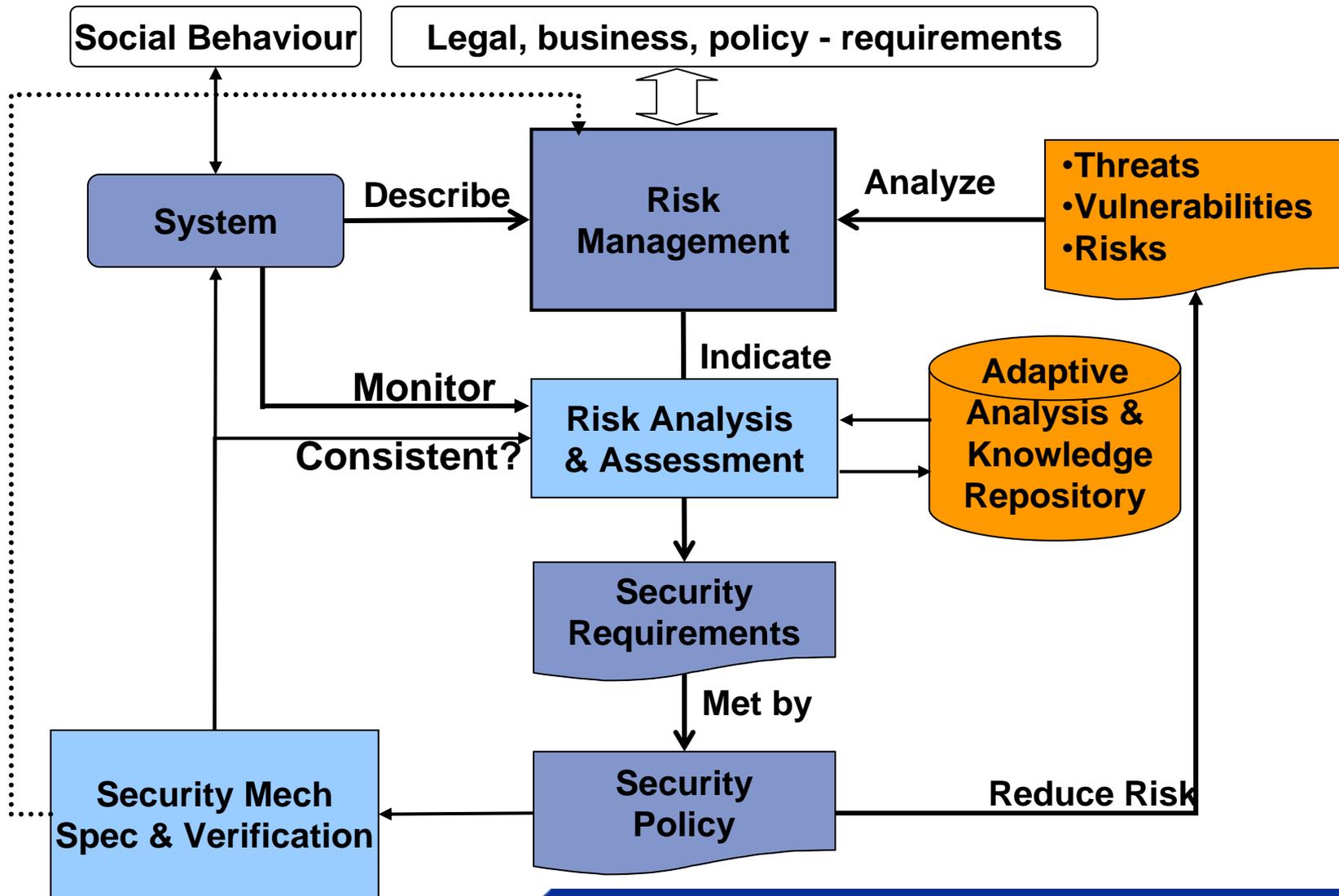
- ▶ a reporting system that should comprise:
 - holistic risk ranking and mapping
 - holistic risk aggregation
 - hierarchy of risk treatment options.
- ▶ consists of two elements
 - the management of all risks of an enterprise with consideration of all risk interdependences
 - the integration of the risk management into the enterprise management.

Thereby risk management is not only aligned to the risk view, but also includes the success potentials.

Multidisciplinary Approach



A Risk Management process



Information Security Management System (ISMS)

Drivers

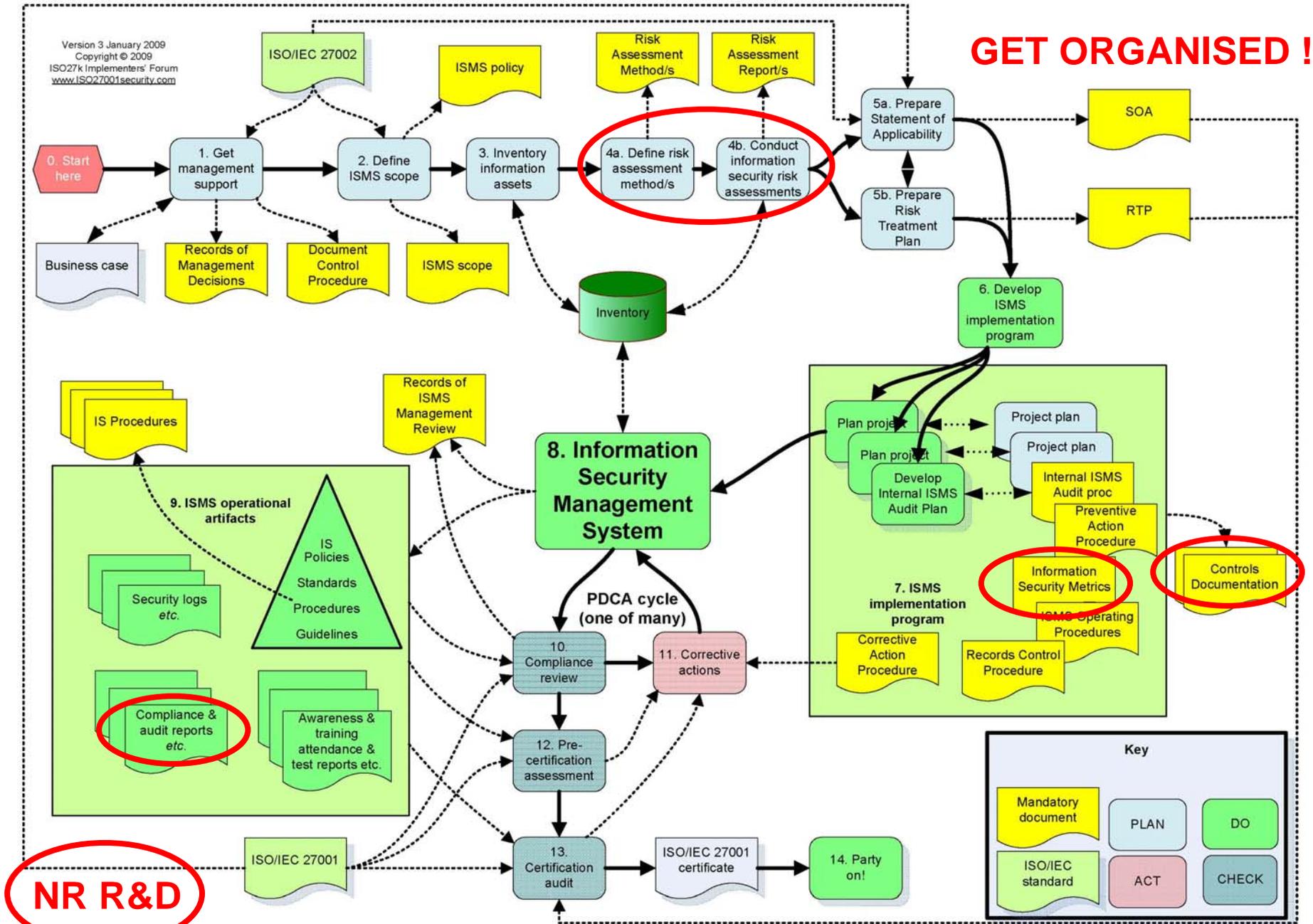
- ▶ **compliance**
- ▶ **criticality**
- ▶ **complexity**
- ▶ **criminals**
- ▶ **customer confidence**
- ▶ **certification**
- ▶ **...**

ISMS highlights (of topics)

Process: Plan – Do – Check – Act, topics are:

- ▶ (legal) and contractual regulation
- ▶ (security) policy, organisation
- ▶ information classification, assets and human resources
- ▶ **controls**
 - physical security
 - ICT systems security
 - purchase, development & test, operations
 - networks, storage, exchange, access (network, OS, app)
 - e-commerce, public information
- ▶ monitoring and security incidents, continuity management
- ▶ audit and certification
- ▶ Standardisation (ISO 27000 series) is a platform for certification

GET ORGANISED !



NR R&D

Risk Mgmt, ISMS and QA relationship

Risk Management

- ▶ Legal
- ▶ Social
- ▶ Financial
- ▶ Development
- ▶ Operational

ISMS

ISMS

- ▶ Legal Compliance
- ▶ Security Risk Assessment & management
- ▶ Policy and organisation
- ▶ Human resources
- ▶ Classification and assets
- ▶ Security Controls
- ▶ Monitor policy compliance
- ▶ Corrective Actions

Quality Assurance

- ▶ Requirements
- ▶ Quality Management
- ▶ Organisation
- ▶ Human resources
- ▶ Business processes
- ▶ QA routines
- ▶ Monitor performance
- ▶ Revise system

ICT Security & Privacy Vulnerabilities

E.g. for “Home Computer” protection (from cert.org)

- ▶ Task 1 - Install and Use Anti-Virus Programs
- ▶ Task 2 - Keep Your System Patched
- ▶ Task 3 - Use Care When Reading Email with Attachments
- ▶ Task 4 - Install and Use a Firewall Program
- ▶ Task 5 - Make Backups of Important Files and Folders
- ▶ Task 6 - Use Strong Passwords
- ▶ Task 7 - Use Care When Downloading and Installing Programs
- ▶ Task 8 - Install and Use a Hardware Firewall

Corresponding Vulnerab.

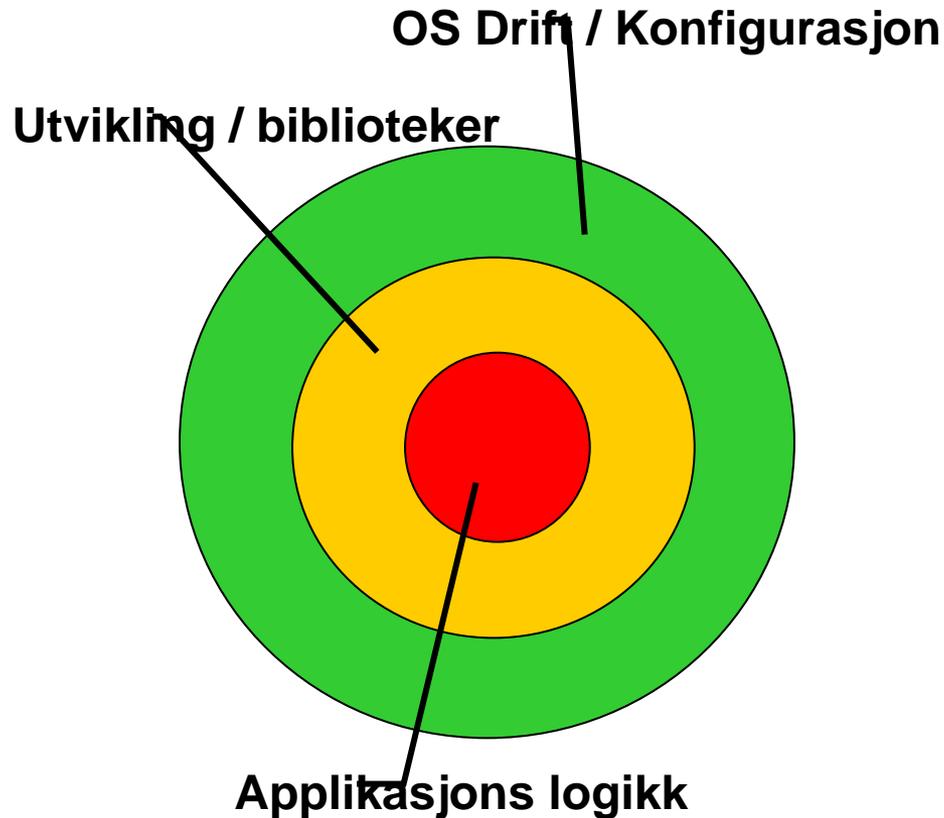
- ▶ Errors in SW
- ▶ System Mgmt complexity
- ▶ Social engineering
- ▶ IP faults
- ▶ HW errors
- ▶ Weak passwords
- ▶ Trojan SW
- ▶ Network driver errors

ICT Security & Privacy Vulnerabilities (2)

The OWASP Top 10 Web Application Security Risks for 2010 are:

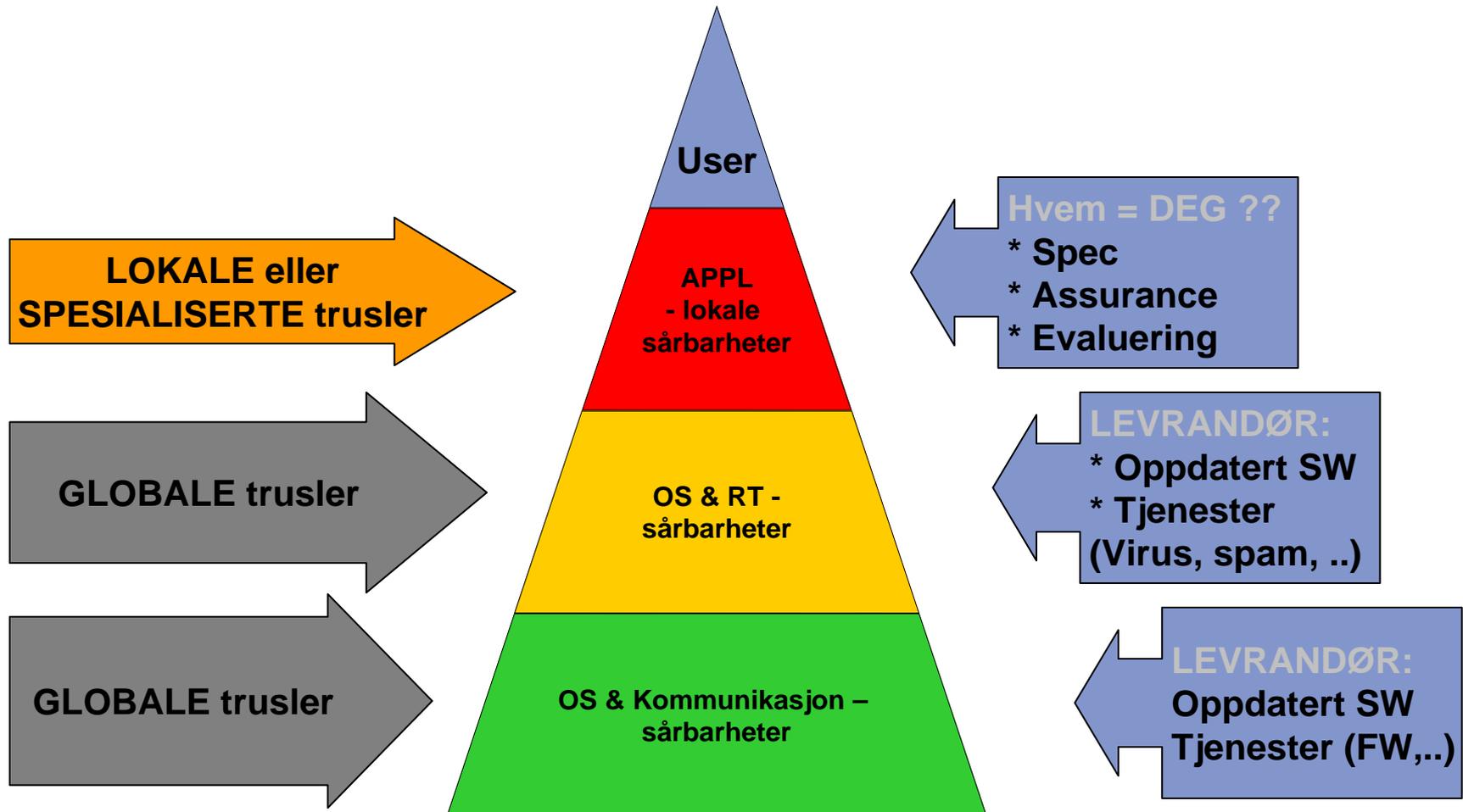
- ▶ A1: Injection
- ▶ A2: Cross-Site Scripting (XSS)
- ▶ A3: Broken Authentication and Session Management
- ▶ A4: Insecure Direct Object References
- ▶ A5: Cross-Site Request Forgery (CSRF)
- ▶ A6: Security Misconfiguration
- ▶ A7: Insecure Cryptographic Storage
- ▶ A8: Failure to Restrict URL Access
- ▶ A9: Insufficient Transport Layer Protection
- ▶ A10: Unvalidated Redirects and Forwards

What is changing in IS security?



Komponent	Sikkerhet / Kvalitet
OS	OK ?
Utvikling	Variabel
Applikasjon	Dårlig ?

What is changing ? (2)



What else is changing?

- ▶ Regulation
- ▶ Organisations
- ▶ Systems (purchase, develop, outsource,)

... so handling changes is what we should worry about (?)

... and if so, then security **monitoring** and **adaptive** solutions becomes **important** !

▶ Questions ?

▶ Thank you for your attention

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